

512.2.5 Proportioning of materials: The total quantity of aggregates used for Type A or B close-graded premix surfacing shall be 0.27 cubic metre per 10 square metre area. The quantity of binder used for premixing in terms of straight-run bitumen shall be 22.0 kg and 19.40 kg per 10 Square metre area for Type A and Type B surfacing respectively.

512.3 Construction Operations

501.5.1. Weather and seasonal limitations: Laying shall be suspended while free standing water is present on the surface to be covered or during rain, fog and dust storms. After rain, the bituminous surface, prime or tack coat, be blown off with a high pressure air jet to remove excess moisture or the surface left to dry before laying shall start Laying of bituminous mixtures shall not be carried out when the air temperature at the surface on which it is to be laid is below 10°C or when the wind speed at any temperature exceeds 40 km/h at 2m height unless specifically approved by the Engineer.

501.5.2 Cleaning of surface: The surface on which the bituminous work is to be laid shall be cleaned of all loose and extraneous matter by means of a mechanical broom or any other approved equipment / method as specified in the contract. The use of a high pressure air jet from a compressor to remove dust or loose matter shall be available full time on the site, unless otherwise specified in the Contract.

501.5.3. Spreading: Except in areas where a mechanical paver cannot access, bituminous materials shall be spread, leveled and tamped by an approved self-propelled paving machine. As soon as possible after arrival at site, the materials shall be supplied continuously to the paver and laid without delay.

The rate of delivery of material to the paver shall be regulated to enable the paver to operate continuously. The travel rate of the paver and its of operations, shall be adjusted to ensure an even and uniform flow of bituminous material across the screed, free from dragging, tearing and segregation of the material. In areas with restricted space where a mechanical paver cannot be used, the material shall be spread, raked and levelled with suitable hand tools by experienced staff, and compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The minimum thickness of material laid in each paver pass shall be in accordance with the minimum values given in the relevant parts of these Specifications. When laying binder course or wearing course approaching an expansion joint of a structure, machine laying shall stop 300mm short of the joint. The remainder of the pavement up to the joint and the corresponding area beyond it shall be laid by hand, and the joint or joint cavity shall be kept clear of surfacing material.

Bituminous material with a temperature greater than 145°C shall not be laid or deposited on bridge deck waterproofing systems, unless precautions against heat damage have been approved by the Engineer.

Hand placing of pre-mixed bituminous materials shall only be permitted in the following circumstances:

- (i) For laying regulating courses of irregular shape and varying thickness.
- (ii) In confined spaces where it is impracticable for a paver to operate.
- (iii) For footways.
- (iv) At the approaches to expansion joints at bridges, viaducts or other structures.
- (v) For laying mastic asphalt in accordance with Clause 515.
- (vi) For filling of potholes.
- (vii) Where directed by the Engineer.

Manual spreading of pre-mixed wearing course material or the addition of such material by hand spreading to the paved area, for adjustment of level, shall only be permitted in the following circumstances:

- (i) At the edges of the layers of material and at gullies and manholes.
- (ii) At the approaches to expansion joints at bridges, viaducts or other structures.
- (iii) As directed by the Engineer.

501.5.4 Cleanliness and overlaying: Bituminous material shall be kept clean and uncontaminated. The only traffic permitted to run on bituminous material to be overlaid shall be that engaged in laying and compacting the next course or, where a binder course is to be sealed or surface dressed, that engaged on such surface treatment. Should any bituminous material become contaminated the Contractor shall make it good to the satisfaction of the Engineer, in compliance with Clause 501.8.

Binder course material shall not remain uncovered by either the wearing course or surface treatment, whichever is specified in the Contract, for more than three consecutive days after being laid. The Engineer may extend this period, by the minimum amount of time necessary, because of weather conditions or for any other reason. If the surface of the base course is subjected to traffic, or not covered within three days, a tack coat shall be applied, as directed by the Engineer.

Traffic may be allowed after completion of the final rolling when the mix has cooled down to the surrounding temperature. Excessive traffic speeds should not be permitted.

512.7. Measurements for Payment

Close graded premix surfacing, Type A or B shall be measured as finished work, for the area specified to be covered, in square metres at a specified thickness. The area will be the net area covered, and all allowances for wastage and cutting of joints shall be deemed to be included in the rate.

The measurement shall be all measures for finished work on weight base in Metric Tonne.

512.8 Rate

The contract unit rate for close graded premix surfacing, Type A or B shall be payment in full for carrying out the required operations including full compensation for all components listed in Clause 501.8.8.2. (i) to (xi).

501.8.8.2 Rate for premixed bituminous material: The contract unit rate for premixed bituminous material shall be payment in full for carrying out the required operations including full compensation for, but not necessarily limited to:

- (i) Making arrangements for traffic to Clause 112 except for initial ant to verge. shoulders and construction of diversions;
- (ii) Preparation of the surface to receive the material.
- (iii) Providing all materials to be incorporated in the work including arrangement for stock yards, all royalties, fees, rents where necessary and all leads and lift.
- (iv) Mixing, transporting, laying and compacting the mix, as specified.
- (v) All labour, tools, equipment, plant including installation of drum mix plant power supply units and all machinery, incidental to complete the work to these Specifications;
- (vi) Carrying out the work in part widths of the road where directed;
- (vii) Carrying out all tests for control of quality; and
- (viii) The rate shall cover the provision of bitumen at the rate specified in the contract, with the provision that the variation in actual percentage of bitumen used will be assessed and payment will be adjusted accordingly.
- (ix) The rates for premixed material are to include for all wastage in cutting of joints etc.
- (x) The rates are to include for all necessary testing, mix design, transporting and testing of samples, and cores. If there is not a project specific laboratory, the Contractor must arrange to carry out all necessary testing at an outside Laboratory, approved by the Engineer, and all costs incurred are deemed to be included in the rate quoted for the material.
- (xi) The cost of all plant and laying trials as specified to prove the mixing and laying methods is deemed to be included in the Contractor's rates for the material.

- Item No 31** Providing & laying seal coat with B.T. agg. as specified using agg. at the rate of 0.18 cu.mt/10Sq.Mt. and bitumen for mixing agg. at the rate of 4.50% i.e. 45.00 kg/M.T. of total mix for binder and including heating & mixing in hot / drum mix plant & transporting & spreading the same by paver finisher & consolidation with vibratory roller incl. necessary firewood, oil, lubricants, labour charges etc. using contractor's own drum mix plant, machineries & equipment, tools etc. complete in accordance with the requirement of specification.

1 DESCRIPTION

The work shall consist of construction of premix seal coat as wearing course on a previously prepared base to the requirement of these specification.

2. MATERIALS

- 2.1** Binder: The binder shall be straight run bitumen of viscosity grade VG-30 satisfying the requirement of IS:73. The actual grade of the binder to be used shall be decided by the Engineer-in-charge and it shall have to be brought by contractor to the site at his own cost unless otherwise specified in schedule 'A'.

Viscosity Grade (VG) Bitumen Specification as per IS 73 : 2013

Characteristics	VG-10	VG-20	VG-30	VG-40
Absolute Viscosity 60°C, poises, min	800	1600	2400	3200
Kinematics Viscosity 135° C CSI, min	250	300	350	400
Flash point, C, min	220	220	220	220
Solubility in trichloroethylene, % min	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0
Penetration at 25°C	80-100	60-80	50-70	40-60
Softening point, Cmin	40	45	47	50
Test on residue from thin film oven test/ RTFOT:				
(A) Viscosity ratio at 60°C, max	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
(B) Ductility at 25°C, cm, min after thin film over test	75	50	40	25

- 2.2** Coarse aggregates: The coarse aggregate shall consist of crushed stone or crushed gravel.

These shall be clean, durable, of cubical shape, free disintegrated pieces, organic or other deleterious matter and adherent coatings. The aggregates shall preferably be hydrophobic and of low porosity and shall satisfy the physical requirements set forth in Table given in Item No. 18 Para 2. Except that the upper limit for water absorption value shall be one percent.

- 2.3** Fine aggregates; The fine aggregates shall consist of crusher run screenings, natural sand or a mixture of both. These shall be clean, hard, durable, uncoated, dry and free from injurious, soft or flaky pieces and organic or deleterious substances.

- 2-4** Filter: The filler, where required, shall be an insert material the whole of which passes 600 micron sieve at least 90 percent passing 150 micron sieve and not less than 70 percent

passing 75 micron sieve. The filler shall be cement, stone dust, hydrated lime, fly ash and other non-plastic mineral matter approved by the Engineer-in-charge.

- 2.5 Aggregate gradation : The mineral aggregates, including mineral filler shall be so graded or combined as to conform to gradings set forth in tables below:

Table : Aggregate gradation Pre-Mix Seal Coat

Sieve Designation	Percent age by wt passing through Sieve	
	For type 'A'	For Type 'B'
12.5mm	-	100
10mm	100	70-100
4.75mm	40-85	20-40
2.35	5-20	5-20
75micron	0-4	0 - 4

- 2.6 Proportioning of materials : The binder content for premixing shall be 45.00 kg per M.T. (4.5% by weight) for mixing aggregate.

The quantities of aggregates shall be sufficient to yield the specified thickness after compaction. The contractor shall get the job-mix formula for the mix approved by the Engineer-in-charge before starting the work.

- 2.7 Variation in Proportioning of material : The Contractor shall have the responsibility of ensuring proper proportioning of materials in accordance with the approved job mix formula and producing a uniform mix. A variation in binder content of ± 0.3 percent by weight of total mix shall, however be permissible in individual specimen taken for quality control tests vide MOST Specification Section 900.

3. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS

- 3.1 Weather and seasonal limitation : Premix seal coat shall not be laid during rainy weather or when the base course is damp or wet.
- 3.2 Preparation of base : The base on which premix seal coat is to be laid shall be prepared shaped and conditioned to the specified, lines, grade and cross section in accordance with MOST Specification Clause 601 as directed by the Engineer-in-charge. The surface shall be thoroughly swept and scraped clean and free of dust and foreign matter.
- 3.3 Tack coat (if applied) : Application of binder : Binder shall be rapid setting emulsion shall be used and approved by the Engineer-in-charge and sprayed on the base at the rate specified hereafter. The rate of spread in terms of straight run emulsion shall be 2.5 kg per 10 square metre area for an existing bitumen treated surface. The binder shall be applied uniformly with the aid of sprayers. The tack coat shall be applied just ahead of the oncoming bituminous construction.
- 3.4 Preparation of the mix : Drum mix plant of adequate capacity and capable of producing a proper and uniform quality shall be used for preparing the mix. The plant should be

continuous type having a co-ordinated set of essential units such as dryer for heating the aggregates, device for feeding by weight or volume the required quantities of aggregates, a binder heating and control unit for metering out the correct quantity of heated binder together with a paddle mixer for intimately mixing of the binder and aggregates. For details regarding Drum mix plant the Annexure 'A' may be referred.

The temperature of-binder at the time of mixing shall be in the range of 150° C - 177° C and aggregates in the range of 150° C -163° C provided also that at no time shall the difference in temperature of the aggregates and the binder exceed 14° C.

Mixing shall be throughout to ensure that a homogeneous mixture is obtained in which all the particles of the mineral aggregates are coated uniformly.

The mix shall be transported from the mixing .plant to the point of use in suitable vehicles. The vehicles employed for transport shall be clean and be covered over in the transit if so directed by the Engineer-in-charge.

- 3.5 Spreading : The mix, transported from the drum mix plant to the site, shall be spread by means of self propelled mechanical paver with suitable screens capable of spreading, tamping and finishing the mix, true to specified grade, line and cross sections. The temperature of mix at the time of laying shall be in the range of 121° C -163°C.

Longitudinal joints and edges shall be constructed true to the delineating lines parallel to the centre line of the road. Longitudinal joints shall be offset by at least 150 mm from those in the binder course. All joints shall be cut vertical to the full thickness of the previously laid mix and the surface painted with hot bitumen before placing fresh material.

- 3.6 Rolling : Immediately after the spreading of mix, it shall be thoroughly compacted by rolling with a set of rollers moving at a speed not exceeding 5 km per hour. The initial or break-down rolling shall be with 8-12 tonne three wheeled rollers and the surface finished by final rolling with vibratory rollers or suitable pneumatic rollers. Rolling temperature shall not be less than 100°C in any case the rolling shall be completed the temperature of mix falls about 80° C.

The roller wheels shall be kept damp to prevent the mix adhering to them but in no case shall fuel lubricating oil be used for this purpose. Rolling shall commence longitudinally from the edge and progress towards the centre except that at super elevated portions, it shall progress from the lower to upper edges parallel to the centre line of the payment. The roller should proceed on the fresh material with rear or fixed wheel leading so as to minimize the pushing of the mix and each pass of the roller shall uniformly overlap not less than one third of the track made in the preceding pass Rolling shall continue until the entire surface has been rolled to compaction and all the roller marks eliminated.

4. OPENING TO TRAFFIC

Traffic may be allowed immediately after completion of the final rolling when the mix has cooled down to the surrounding temperature.

5. **SURFACE FINISH AND QUALITY CONTROL OF WORK**

The surface finish of construction shall conform to the requirements of most specification Clause 901. Control on the quality of material and works shall be exercised by the Engineer-in-charge in accordance with MOST Specification Clause 902.

6. **ARRANGEMENT FOR TRAFFIC**

The provision of MORTH Specification Clause 105 shall apply as regards the flow to traffic during construction.

7. **MEASUREMENT FOR PAYMENT**

The payment shall be made on the tonnage (MT) basis of the weight of mix of aggregates and bitumen. For this purpose the contractor shall have to install a weigh bridge of suitable capacity for the purpose of weighing of dumpers at suitable place at his cost as directed. Weight of empty dumper and weight of loaded dumper will be recorded in bound and numbered register on plant side.

Department will be free to get some loaded dumper test checked at other weigh bridge. Weigh bridge will be periodically got calibrated and verified from weight and measure authorities.

For the purpose of application of tack coat if the theoretical area as per sanctioned estimate for basis of tonne differs with the actual area of work done in the field, then the reduction in or addition to payment shall have to be effected to the contractor on proportionate basis depending upon the area reduced or exceeded respectively.

Weigh of mix materials will be done in presence of responsible person, not less than the rank of supervisor of Department, Deputy Executive Engineer or Assistant Engineer or Addl. Assistant Engineer if so authorized.

Record of each dumper will be maintained separately in bound and numbered register which will be maintained by the departmental representatives and signed by the contractor. Proper gate pass system shall be established for the vehicles coming to the plant site and out going from the plant site. The location of the kilometer, hectometer in which individual dumper are unloaded will be recorded carefully.

8. **RATE**

The Contract unit rate for seal coat shall be for payment for carrying out the required operations including full compensation for all components listed in MORTH Specification Clause 503.7.

- Item No 32** Road Marking with Hot Applied thermoplastic Paints with Reflectorising glass beads on bitumen surface providing and laying a hot applied thermoplastic compound 2.5 mm thick including reflectorising glass beads @ 250 gms per Sqm area, thickness of 2.5 mm is excluding of surface applied glass beds as per IRC:35-2015. The Finished surface to be level, uniform and free from streaks and holes, zebra patta / bump patta lane / center line / edge line / cut patta. The white colour marking should provide luminance coefficient on cement road shall be min 130 mcd/m²/lux and Asphalt road shall be min 100 mcd/m²/lux during the service life during the day time. The marking should meet the performance criteria for night time reflectivity, wet reflectivity and skid resistance as mentioned in the section-15 of IRC 35-2015 and as directed by engineer in charge. Warranty for retroreflectivity shall be upto DLP Period

803.4 Hot Applied Thermoplastic Road Marking

803.4.1 Thermoplastic Material

803.4.1.1 General

The thermoplastic material shall be homogeneously composed of aggregate, pigment, resins and glass reflectorizing beads. The colour of the compound shall be white or yellow (IS colour No. 356) as specified in the drawings or as directed by the Engineer.

803.4.1.2 Requirements :

- I Composition: The pigment, beads, and aggregate shall be uniformly dispersed in the resin. The material shall be free from all skins, dirt and foreign objects and shall comply with requirements indicated in Table 800-9.

Table 800-9 : Proportions of Constituents of Marking Material (Percentage by Weight)

Component	White	Yellow
Binder	18.0min.	18.0min.
Glass Beads	30-40	30-40
Titanium dioxide	10.0min.	—
Calcium Carbonate and Inert Fillers	42.0max.	See Note Below
Yellow pigments	—	See Note Below

Note: Amount of yellow pigment, calcium carbonate and inert fillers shall be at the option of the manufacturer, provided all other requirements of this Specification are met.

- II Properties: The properties of thermoplastic material, when tested in accordance with ASTM 036/BS-3262-(Part I), shall be as below:
 - a Luminance:

White: Daylight luminance at 45°-65 percent min. as per AASHTO M249

Yellow: Daylight luminance at 45°-45 percent min. as per AASHTO M249
 - b. Drying time: When applied at a temperature specified by the manufacturer and to the required thickness, the material shall set to bear traffic in not more than 15 minutes.

- c. Skid resistance: not less than 45 as per BS:6044.
 - d. Cracking resistance at low temperature: The material shall show no cracks on application to concrete blocks.
 - e. Softening point: $102.5^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 9.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ as per ASTM D 36.
 - f. Yellowness index (for white thermoplastic paint): not more than 0.12 as per AASHTO M 249
- III Storage life : The material shall meet the requirements of these Specifications for a period of one year. The thermoplastic material must also melt uniformly with no evidence of skins or unmelted particles for the one year storage period. Any material not meeting the above requirements shall be replaced by the manufacturer/supplier/ Contractor.
- IV. Reflectorisation : Shall be achieved by incorporation of beads, the grading and other properties of the beads shall be as specified in Clause 803.4.2.
- V. Marking: Each container of the thermoplastic material shall be clearly and indelibly marked with the following information:
- 1) The name, trade mark or other means of identification of manufacturer
 - 2) Batch number
 - 3) Date of manufacture
 - 4) Colour (white or yellow)
 - 5) Maximum application temperature and maximum safe heating temperature.
- VI Sampling and Testing : The thermoplastic material shall be sampled and tested in accordance with the appropriate ASTM/BS method. The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer a copy of certified test reports from the manufacturers of the thermoplastic material showing results of all tests specified herein and shall certify that the material meets all requirements of this Specification.

803.4.2 Reflectorizing Glass Beads

803.4.2.1 General

This Specification covers two types of glass beads to be used for the production of reflectorised pavement markings.

Type 1 beads are those which are a constituent of the basic thermoplastic compound vide Table 800-9 and Type 2 beads are those which are to be sprayed on the surface vide Clause 803.6.4.

- 803.4.2.2 The glass beads shall be transparent, colourless and free from milkiness, dark particles and excessive air inclusions.

These shall conform to the requirements spelt out in Clause 803.4.2.3.

803.4.2.3 Specific Requirements

- a) Gradation: The glass beads shall meet the gradation requirements for the two types as given in Table 800-10.

TABLE 800-10: GRADATION REQUIREMENT FOR GLASS BEADS

Sieve size	Percent Retained	
	Type1	Type2
1.18 mm	0 to 3	-
850 micron	5 to 20	0 to 5
600 micron	-	5 to 20
425 micron	65 to 95	-
300 micron	-	30 to 75
180 micron	0 to 10	10 to 30
Below 180 Micron		00 to 15

- b) Roundness : The glass beads shall have a minimum of 70 percent true spires.
- c) Refractive index : The glass beads shall have a minimum refractive index of 1.50.
- d) Free flowing properties : The glass beads shall be free of hard lumps and clusters and shall dispense readily under any conditions suitable for paints striping. They shall pass the free flow test.

803.4.2.4 Test Methods

The specific requirements shall be tested with the following methods:

- i) Free-flow test: Spread 100 grams of beads evenly in a 100 mm diameter glass dish. Place the dish in a 250 mm inside diameter dessicator which is filled within 25 mm of the top of a dessicator plate with sulphuric acid water solution (specific gravity 1.10). Cover the dessicator and let it stand for 4 hours at 20°C to 29°C. Remove sample from dessicator, transfer beads to a pan and inspect for lumps or clusters. Then pour beads into a clean, dry glass funnel having a 100 mm stem and 6 mm orifice. If necessary, initiate flow by lightly tapping the funnel. The glass spheres shall be free of lumps and clusters and shall flow freely through the funnel.
- ii) The requirements of gradation, roundness and refractive index of glass beads and the amount of glass beads in the compound shall be tested as per BS:6088 and BS:3262 (Part I).
- iii) The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer a copy of certified test reports from the manufacturer of glass beads obtained from a reputed laboratory showing results of all tests specified herein and shall certify that the material meets all requirements of these

Specifications However, if so required, these tests may be carried out as directed by the Engineer.

803.4.3 Application Properties of Thermoplastic Material

803.4.3.1 The thermoplastic material shall readily get screeded/extruded at temperatures specified by the manufacturers for respective method of application to produce a line of specified thickness which shall be continuous and uniform in shape having clear and sharp edges.

803.4.3.2 The material upon heating to application temperatures shall not exude fumes which are toxic, obnoxious or injurious to persons or property.

803.4.3 Preparation

- i) The material shall be melted in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in a heater with a mechanical stirrer to give a smooth consistency to the thermoplastic material to avoid local overheating. The temperature of the mass shall be within the range specified by the manufacturer, and shall on no account be allowed to exceed the maximum temperature stated by the manufacturer. The molten material should be used as expeditiously as possible and for thermoplastic material which has natural binders or is otherwise sensitive to prolonged heating, the material shall not be maintained in a molten condition for more than 4 hours.
- ii) After transfer to the laying equipment, the material shall be maintained within the temperature range specified by the manufacturer for achieving the desired consistency for laying.

803.5 Reflectorised Paint

if used, shall conform to the Specification by the manufacturers and approved by the Engineer. Reflectorising glass beads for reflectorising paints where used shall conform to the requirements of Clause 803.4.2.

803.6 Application

803.6.1 Marking shall be done by machine. For locations where painting cannot be done by machine, approved manual methods shall be used with prior approval of the Engineer. The Contractor shall maintain control over traffic while painting operations are in progress so as to cause minimum inconvenience to traffic compatible with protecting the workmen.

803.6.2 Where the compound is to be applied to cement concrete pavement, a sealing primer as recommended by the manufacturer, shall be applied to the pavement in advance of placing of the stripes to ensure proper bonding of the compound. On new concrete surface any laitance and/or curing compound shall be removed before the markings are applied.

803.6.3 The thermoplastic material shall be applied hot either by screeding or extrusion process. After transfer to the laying apparatus, the material shall be laid at a temperature within the range specified by the manufacturer for the particular method of laying being used. The paint shall be applied using a screed or extrusion machine.

- 803.6.4 The pavement temperature shall not be less than 10°C during application. All surfaces to be marked shall be thoroughly cleaned of all dust, dirt, grease, oil and all other foreign matter before application of the paint.

The material, when formed into traffic stripes, must be readily renewable by placing an overlay of new material directly over an old line. Such new material shall so bond itself to the old line that no splitting or separation takes place.

Thermoplastic paint shall be applied in intermittent or continuous lines of uniform thickness of at least 2.5 mm unless specified otherwise. Where arrows or letters are to be provided, thermoplastic compound may be hand-sprayed. In addition to the beads included in the material, a further quantity of glass beads of Type 2, conforming to the above noted Specification shall be sprayed uniformly into a mono-layer on to the hot paint line in quick succession of the paint spraying operation. The glass beads shall be applied at the rate of 250 grams per square metre area.

- 803.6.5 The minimum thickness specified is exclusive of surface applied glass beads. The method of thickness measurement shall be in accordance with Appendices B and C of BS:3262 (Part 3).

- 803.6.6 The markings shall be done to accuracy within the tolerances given below:

- a) Width of lines and other markings shall not deviate from the specified width by more than 5 percent.
- b) The position of lines, letters, figures, arrows and other markings shall not deviate from the position specified by more than 20 mm
- c) The alignment of any edge of a longitudinal line shall not deviate from the specified alignment by more than 10 mm in 15 m.
- d) The length of segment of broken longitudinal lines shall not deviate from the specified length by more than 150 mm.

In broken lines, the length of segment and the gap between segments shall be as indicated on the drawings; if these lengths are altered by the Engineer, the ratio of the lengths of the Painted sections shall remain the same.

- 803.6.7 Properties of Finished Road Markings

The finished lines shall be free from ruggedness on sides and ends and be parallel to the general alignment of the carriageway. The upper surface of the lines shall be level, uniform and free from streaks.

- a) The stripe shall not be slippery when wet.
- b) The marking shall not lift from the pavement in freezing weather.
- c) After application and proper drying, the stripe shall show no appreciable deformation or discoloration under traffic and under road temperatures upto 60°C.

- d) The marking shall not deteriorate by contact with sodium chloride calcium chloride or oil dripping from traffic.
- e) The stripe or marking shall maintain its original dimensions and position. Cold ductility of the material shall be such as to permit normal movement with the road surface without chopping or cracking.
- f) The colour of yellow marking shall conform to IS Colour No. 356 as given in IS:164

803.6.8 Measurements for Payment

803.6.8.1 **The painted markings shall be measured in sq. metres of actual area marked (excluding the gaps, if any).**

803.6.8.2 In respect of markings like directional arrows and lettering, etc., the measurement shall be by numbers.

803.6.9 Rate

The Contract unit rate for road markings shall be payment in full compensation for furnishing all labour, materials, tools, equipment, including all incidental costs necessary for carrying out the work at the site conforming to these Specifications complete as per the approved drawing(s) or as directed by the Engineer and all other incidental costs necessary to complete the work.

1.7 SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR THERMOPLAST PAINT WORK:

- (1) Agency should carry out the such type of work by only of thermoplastic paint laying machine (power driven only) with temperature controller and automatic mixing arrangement of glass beads in required proportion.
- (2) After completion of the laying of thermoplastic paint work, four years guarantee for durability and reflectivity as per M.O.R.T.H. specification for road and bridge works clause 803 should be given by the bidder in the writing.
- (3) Guarantee security deposit shall be retained @ 10% of the cost of the item of thermoplast paint from the R.A. bills, which will be released after expiry of guarantee period.
- (4) Agency who carry out the such type of work shall have an experience of carrying out similar type of work.
- (5) Test certificates as per M.O.R.T.H. specification for road and bridge works clause 803.3.2.2 (vi) should be furnished of reputed laboratory before.

Item No 33

Cats eye/Road stud/RPM : supplying Raised pavement marker made of polycarbonate and ABS moulded body and reflective panels with micro prismatic lens (No glass and lens) capable of providing total internal reflection of the light entering the lens face and shall support a load of 13635 kgs. tested in accordance to ASTM D 4280 type H and complying to specifications of category A of MORTH Circular No RW/NH/33023/10-97-Do III Dt 11.06.1997. The height width and length shall not exceed 20 mm , 130 mm and 130 mm and with minimum reflective area of 13 sqcm on each side and the slope to the base shall be 35 +/- 5 degree. The body of the marker should having finger grip for easy and accurate placement and application with epoxy/bituminous adhesive as recommended by the manufacturer of the marker. The color of the marker should be as per the IRC 35-2015 and as directed by Engineer in charge.

1.0 General

The colour, configuration, size and location of Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers for highways other than Expressways shall be in accordance with the Code of Practice for Road Signs, IRC:35-2015 or as shown on the drawings or as directed by the Engineer.

The Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers shall be reflectorised as shown on the drawings or as directed by the Engineer. It shall be of retro-reflectorised type and made of polycarbonate and ABS moulded body and reflective panels with micro prismatic lens capable of providing total internal reflection of the light entering the lens face and shall support a load of 13635 kgs. tested in accordance to ASTM D 4280 Type H and complying to Specifications of Category A of MORTH Circular No RW/NH/33023/10-97 – DO III Dt. 11.06.1997.

In general, cautionary and mandatory signs shall be fabricated through process of screen printing. In regard to informatory signs with inscriptions, either the message could be printed over the reflective sheeting, or cut letters of non-reflective black sheeting used for the purpose which must be bonded well on the base sheeting as directed by the Engineer.

1.2 Materials :

The various materials and fabrication of the Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers shall conform to the following requirements.

The adhesive materials shall be of standard quality and it shall be high resistance quality against heavy moving vehicles.

The materials shall be used for the body of the Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers is of high density PVC materials.

The dimensions and size of the Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers shall be as per IS standard. The retro-reflective sheeting used on the Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers shall consist of the white or coloured sheeting having a smooth outer surface which has the property of retro reflection over its entire surface. It shall be weather resistant and show colour fastness. It shall be new and unused and shall show no evidence of cracking, scaling, pitting,

blistering, edge lifting or curling and shall have negligible shrinkage or expansion. A certificate of having tested the sheeting for these properties in an unprotected outdoor exposure facing the sun for two years and its having passed these tests shall be obtained from a reputed laboratory, by the manufacturer of the sheeting. The reflective sheeting shall be either of Engineering Grade material with enclosed lens or of High Intensity Grade with encapsulated lens. The type of the sheeting to be used would depend upon the type, functional hierarchy and importance of the road.

High intensity grade sheetings : This sheeting shall be of encapsulated lens type consisting of spherical glass lens, elements adhered to a synthetic resin and encapsulated by a flexible, transparent water-proof plastic having a smooth surface. The retro-reflective surface after cleaning with soap and water and in dry condition shall have the minimum co-efficient of retro-reflection determined in accordance with ASTM D 4280 Type H).

TABLE 800.1
ACCEPTABLE MINIMUM CO-EFFICIENT OF RETRO-REFLECTION FOR HIGH INTENSITY GRADE SHEETING
[CANDEL AS PER LUX PER SQUARE METRE]

Observation (in	Entrance angle(in	White	Yellow	Orange	Green/ Red	Blue
0.2	-4	250	170	100	45	20
0.2	+30	150	100	60	25	1.1
0.5	-4	95	62	30	15	7.5
0.5	+30	65	45	25	10	5.0

When totally wet, the sheeting shall not show less than 90 percent of the values of retro reflective indicated in Table 800-1. At the end of 7 years, the sheeting shall retain at least 75 percent of its original retro-reflectance.

Engineer grade sheetings : This sheeting shall be of enclosed lens type consisting of micro prismatic lens elements embedded beneath the surface of a smooth, flexible, transparent, water proof plastic, resulting in a non-exposed lens optical reflecting system. The retro-reflective surface after cleaning with soap and water and in dry condition shall have the minimum co-efficient of retro-reflection determined in accordance with ASTM D 4280 Type H) as indicated in Table 800.2.

TABLE 800.2
ACCEPTABLE MINIMUM CO-EFFICIENT OF RETRO-REFLECTION FOR HIGH INTENSITY GRADE SHEETING
[CANDEL AS PER LUX PER SQUARE METRE]

Observation (in degree)	Entrance angle(in degree)	White	Yellow	Orange	Green	Red	Blue
0.2	-4	70	50	25	9.0	14.5	4.0
0.2	+30	30	22	7.0	3.5	6.0	1.7
0.5	-4	30	25	13.5	4.5	7.5	2.0
0.5	+30	15	13	4.0	2.2	3.0	0.8

When totally wet, the sheeting shall not show less than 90 percent of the values of retro reflective indicated in Table 800-2. At the end of 5 years, the sheeting shall retain at least 50 percent of its original retro-reflectance.

1.3 Processed and applied in accordance with recommended procedures, the reflective material shall be weather resistant and, following cleaning, show no appreciable discolouration, cracking, blistering or dimensional change and shall not have less than 50 percent of the specified minimum reflective intensity values (Table 800-1 and 800-2) when subjected to accelerated weathering for 1000 hours, using type E or EH Weatherometer (AASHTO Designation M 268).

1.4 INSTALLATION:

The Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers shall be installed directly on road surface, after cleaning completely by removing all dust and other foreign materials from the surface of the road.

1.5 MEASUREMENT FOR PAYMENT :

2 The mode of payment shall be in per No. basis

2.2 RATE :

The Contract unit rate shall be payment in full for the cost of making Molded Twin Shanks Raised Pavement Markers including all materials, installing it at the site and incidentals to complete the work in accordance with the specifications.

- Item No 34** **Cautionary Warning Sign :-**Providing and fixing sign boards made out of 2mm aluminium sheet / 4mm ACP (Aluminum composite Panel); size 90 x 90 x 90 cms. equilateral triangle as per design of IRC-67-2012. Pre treated with phospheting process & acid etching; coated with one coat of epoxy primer and two coats of best quality epoxy paint ;reflectorised with Micro Prismatic Grade retro reflectivesheeting of Type-11 as per ASTM D-4956 and latest M.O.S.T.Specifications; 3.6mtr long stand post of 75 x 75 x 6mm / 65NB Circular MS Pipe as required and frame fabricated from suitable size iron angle of 35 x 35 x 3mm; painted with bestquality epoxy coatings in black and white bends. The details of symbol foreach board shall be as per theinstruction of engineer in charge. The fixing at site shall be in 1:2:4 CC blockof size 45 x 45 x 60 Cms. for each leg.including excavation, curing etc.complete under the supervision of engineer in charge. A warranty for 10 years for the Retro reflective sheeting from original manufacturer & a certified copy of 3 year outdoor exposure test report from third party test lab for the product offered shall be submitted by contractor. (A) Class-C Type-11 Retro Reflective sheeting

The sign board shall conform to IRC-67-2012 and nineth schedule of the motor vehicle Act. It shall be providing and fixed as directed by the Engineer in charge.

1.2 Traffic Signs having retro-reflective sheeting:

1.2.1 General REquirements:

The retro-reflective sheetings used on the sign shall consist of white or coloured sheeting having a smooth outer surface which has the property of retro reflective over its entire surface. It shall be weather resistance and show colour fastness. It shall be new and unused and shall shown no evidence of cracking scaling pitting, blistering, edge lifting or curling and shall have negligible shrinkage or expansion. A certificate of having tested the sheeting for these properties in an unprotected outdoor exposure facing the sun for two years and its having passed these tests shall be obtained form a reputed laboratory by the manufacture of the sheeting. The reflective sheeting shall be either or Engineering Grade material with enclosed lens or of high intensity grade with encapsulated lens/ micro prismatic type. The type of sheeting to be used would depend upon the type functional hierchy and importance of the road.

1.2.2 High Intensity Grade Sheetting :

1.2.2.1 Encapsulated Lens Type :

This sheeting shall be of encapsulated lens type consisting of spherical glass lens elements, adhered to a synthetic resin and encapsulated by a flexible, transparent water proof plastic having a smooth surface. The retro reflective surface after cleaning with soap and water and in dry condition shall have the minimum co-efficient of retro-reflection (determined in accordance with ASTM Standard E:810) as indicated in Table 800-1.

TABLE800-1

ACCEPTABLE MINIMUM CO-EFFICIENT OF RETRO REFLECTIVE FOR HIGH INTENSITY GRADE SHEETING (CANDELAS PER LUX SQUARE METRE).

Observation angle (in degrees)	Entrance Angle(in degrees)	White	Yellow	Orange	Green/ Red	Blue
0.2	-4	250	170	100	45	20
0.2	+30	150	100	60	25	11
0.5	-4	95	62	30	15	7.5
0.5	+30	65	45	25	10	5.0

When totally wet, the sheeting shall not show less than 90% of the values of retro reflectance indicated in Table 800-1. At the end of 10 years, the sheeting shall retain at least 75% of its original retro-reflectance.

1.3.2 Engineering Grade Sheeting :

This sheeting shall be of enclosed lens type consisting of microscopic lens elements embedded beneath the surface of a smooth, flexible, transparent, water-proof plastic, resulting in a non-exposed lens optical, resulting in a non-exposed lens optical reflecting systems. The retro-reflective surface after cleaning with soap and water and in dry condition shall have the minimum coefficient of retro-reflection (determined in accordance with ASTM Standard E-810) as indicated in Table 800-2.

TABLE800-2

ACCEPTABLE MINIMUM CO-EFFICIENT OF RETRO REFLECTIVE FOR ENGINEERING GRADE SHEETING (CANDELAS PER LUX SQUARE METRE).

Observation angle(in degrees)	Entrance Angle(in degrees)	White	Yellow	Orange	Green	Red	Blue
0.2	-4	70	50	25	9.0	14.5	4.0
0.2	+30	30	22	7.0	3.5	6.0	1.7
0.5	-4	30	25	13.5	14.5	7.5	2.0
0.5	+30	15	13	4.0	2.2	3.0	0.8

1.1.2.3 When totally wet, the sheeting shall not show less than 90% of the values of retro-reflectance indicated in Table 800-2. At the end of 5 years, the sheeting shall retain at least 50% of its original retro reflective.

1.1.3 Messages / Borders : The messages (legends, letters, numerals etc.) and borders shall either be screen-printed or of cut-outs. Screen-printing shall be processed and finished with

materials and in a manner specified by the sheeting manufacturer. Cut outs shall be of materials as specified by the sheeting manufacturer and shall be bonded with the sheeting in the manner specified by the manufacturer.

- 1.1.4 For screen-printed transparent coloured areas on white sheeting, the co-efficient of retro-reflection shall not be less than 50% of the values of corresponding colour in Tables 800-1(a), 800-1(b) and 800-2 as applicable.
- 1.1.5 Cut out messages and borders, wherever used, shall be made out of retro-reflective sheeting (as per Clause 801.3.2 of 801.3.3 as applicable) except those in black which shall be of non-reflective sheeting.
- 1.1.6 Colour : Unless otherwise specified, the general colour scheme shall be as stipulated in IS:5 "Colour for Ready Mixed Paints".

Stipulated in IS : 5" For Ready Mixed Pains

Blue	IS	ColourNo.166:FrenchBlue
Red	IS	ColourNo.537:SignalRed
Green	IS	ColourNo.284:IndiaGreen
Orange	IS	ColourNo.591:DeepOrange

The colours shall be durable and uniform in acceptable but when viewed in day light or under normal headlights at night.

- 1.1.7 Adhesives : The sheeting shall either have a pressure sensitive adhesive of the aggressive-tack type requiring no heat, solvent or other preparation for adhesion to a smooth clean surface, or a tack adhesive activated by heat, applied in a heat-vacuum applicator, in a manner recommended by the sheeting manufacturer. The sheeting shall be protected by an easily removable liner (removable by peeling without soaking in water or other solvent) and shall be suitable for the type of material of the base plate used for the sign. The adhesive shall form a durable bond to smooth, corrosion and weather resistant surface of the base plate such that it shall not be possible to remove the sheeting from the sign base in one piece by use of sharp instrument. In case of pressure-sensitive adhesive sheeting, the sheeting shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Sheetting with adhesives requiring use of solvents or other preparation for adhesive shall be applied strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 1.1.8 Refurbishment: Where existing signs are specified for refurbishment, the sheeting shall have a semi-rigid aluminium backing pre-coated with aggressive-tack type pressure sensitive adhesive. The adhesive shall be suitable for type of material used for the sign and should thoroughly bond with that material.

Alternatively, the alluminium blank shall be recycled to a finished condition and new sheeting's put on in an approved manner.

1.1.9 Fabrication :

1.1.9.1 Surface to be reflectorised shall be prepared to receive the retro-reflective sheeting. The smooth plain surface before the application of retro-reflective sheeting. If the surface is rough, approved surface primer may be used. After cleaning, metal shall not be handled, except by suitable device or clean canvas gloves between all cleaning and preparation operation and application of reflective sheeting/primer. There shall be no opportunity for metal to come in contact with grease, oil or other contaminants prior to the application of retro-reflective sheeting.

1.1.9.2 Complete sheets of the material shall be used on the signs except where it is unavoidable. At splices, sheeting with pressure sensitive adhesive shall be overlapped not less than 5 mm. Sheeting with heat-activated adhesives may be spliced with an overlap not less than 5 mm or butted with a gap not exceeding 0.75 mm. Where screen printing with transparent colours is proposed, only butt jointing shall be used. The material shall cover the sign surface evenly and shall be free from twists, cracks and folds. Cut outs to produce legends and borders shall be bonded with the sheeting in the manner specified by the manufacturer.

1.1.10 Warranty Durability : For each lot of sheetings procured, the contractor shall obtain from the manufacturer a 10 years warranty for satisfactory field performance including stipulated retro-reflectance of the sheetings of high intensity grade and a 5 years warranty for the engineering grade and submit the same to the Engineer. In addition, a 10 years and a five years warranty for satisfactory in-field performance of the finished sign with retro-reflective sheeting of high intensity grade and engineering grade respectively, inclusive of the screen printed or cut-out letters/legends and their bonding to the retro-reflective sheeting shall be obtained from the contractor/supplier and passed on to the Engineer. The contractor / supplier shall also furnish a certification that the signs and materials supplied against the assigned work meet all the stipulated requirements and carry the stipulated warranty.

Processed and applied in accordance with recommended procedures, the reflective material shall be weather resistant and following cleaning shall show no appreciable discolouration, cracking, blistering or dimensional change and shall not have less than 50 percent of the specified minimum reflective intensity values (Tables 800-1 and 800-2) when subjected to accelerated weathering for 1000 hours, using type E or EH weatherometer (AASHTO Designation M 268).

1.2 Installation :

1.2.1 Sign posts, their foundations and sign mountings shall be so constructed as to hold these in a proper and permanent position against the normal storm wind loads or displacement by vandalism. Normally signs with an area upto 0.9 sq.m. shall be mounted on a single post, and for greater area two or more supports shall be provided. Sign supports may be of mild steel, reinforced concrete or galvanised iron (G.I.). Post-end(s) shall be firmly fixed to